रुकेगा अवैध खानन

कार्यालय सीक्रेट्री @ भारतपुर

बिला प्रशासन ने बिले में अवैध खानन एवं उसके परिवर्तन को भ्रष्टाचार दंड से रोकने का निर्देश दिया है। इसके लिए 3 जनवरी से 15 फरवरी तक खानन से जुड़े विभागों का एक समूह आयोजित होंगे अभियान वाली जागरूकता कार्यक्रम।

बिला कल्पकार श्री श्रीनाथा आदिरामी ने बिले में अवैध खानन व जुड़े विभागों के मामलों में विभागीय निर्देशों के तहत सख्त कार्रवाई करने के आदेश दिया है। इसके साथ ही जानवरों के पशुपालन विभाग के संस्कृत दल अवैध खानन और उसके परिवर्तन को जानती से रोकने का निर्देशन दिया है। ये संस्कृत दल प्रदेश सीक्रेट्री कार्य करेंगे और अवैध खानन व इसके परिवर्तन के लिए पहले पार गए लोगों को प्रशिक्षण देने को जागरूक करने की कार्रवाई करेगा।

बिला प्रशासन के निर्देश दिए गए हैं। खानन दहेज में स्थापित चैक पोस्ट्स एवं संयुक्त आयुक्त दलों की समूहित संस्था में पुलिस बल उपयोग करने के निर्देशों के लिए यह गृह भरा।

अभियान के समय संघर्ष की सुगन्ध से बाहर, काम के नए उपकरण के लिए अधिकारियों के लिए अपनी नजरिया कल्पकार गरीब को समझ कर अपनी अनुशासनी निर्देशन किया गया है। प्रतिवेदन रूपांग, भवन के विभाग के संदर्भ में उपलब्ध। बाहर व ऊर्जा के लिए संवर्धित उपकरण अधिकारी है।

प्रभावी अधिकारी रहेंगे। तथा संयुक्त आयुक्त दल के नेता अधिकारी खानन अभियान की भारतपुर रहेंगे जो गृहित एवं बिला कल्पकार का जागरूक करेंगे।

प्रशिक्षण दहेज, बाहर दल, घरेलु विशेष अभियान
मध्यप्रदेश कोयला खदानों में साल के अंत तक उपयोग शुरु करेगी एनएमडीसी

नई दिल्ली, 3 जनवरी (क्लायर) - सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र की एनएमडीसी ने दिखाया कि मध्यप्रदेश में उसके दो कोयला खदानों में इस साल के अंत तक उपयोग शुरु होने की संभावना है। इन खदानों के दस कोयला टन तक उपयोग होने का अनुमान है। शाहपुर ईंट और शाहपुर जेटेन में इन दो खदानों के अर्थों पर नाम्बर डीसी ने कोयला कलेक्टर में कवर रखा है। यहाँ से सलामत करेंगे इस लाख टन उपयोग होने का अनुमान है।

कंपनी के एक अधिकारी ने बताया कि हमें इन दो शैविक खदानों में साल के अंत तक उपयोग शुरु होने की उम्मीद है। ये खदान मध्यप्रदेश के शहरों और मुख्य केंद्रों में फिल्टर हैं। लाल नगर किलोमीटर क्षेत्र में पैलेन्ड्राइम खदानों की पहचान कोयला मंत्रालय ने 2007 में की थी। यहाँ से प्रोडक्शन खदान के बाहर विभिन्न कंपनियों को बेचा जाएगा।
ArcelorMittal in bid war for Canada mine

TORONTO: Nunavut Iron Ore Acquisition Inc has made an offer of $1.45 a share for the Toronto-based Baffinland Iron Mines Corp, bettering Laxmi Mittal-led ArcelorMittal's offer on Friday of $1.40 to beat Nunavut's previous offer of $1.35. Nunavut was formed by a former Baffinland executive to counter Arcelor's hostile bid.
More Indian banks to import gold

NEW DELHI: The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has allowed 7 more banks to import gold and silver, bankers and trade officials said on Monday, a move that will smoothen supply in the world's largest consumer of the metal.

REUTERS
Copper to cross $11,000

ANALYST’S VIEW
KUNAL BOSE

If one is asked to take a bet on which commodity in the metal space will shine most gloriously in the New Year, they unhesitatingly will choose copper. Generally, ahead of year-end holidays, the market doesn’t see much activity as traders are mostly engaged in book squaring work. But taking a break from the routine, the red metal three-month futures prices this time moved from one peak to the next before the holiday break.

The fundamentals are stacked so much in favour of copper that many are seeing the metal sprinting to $11,000 a tonne and perhaps beyond during 2011. As if the world supply in normal course falling short of demand is not enough, owners of the world’s third largest copper mine Collahuasi in Chile invoked the force majeure clause the other day to suspend supplies of copper concentrate for an unspecified period. This is further feeding fuel to the progress of metal price.

Shipments from Collahuasi came to a halt in the wake of three workers perishing under the weight of a collapsed shiploader at Patache port terminal. It could be at least another fortnight before copper concentrate could get shipped from Patache. The market cannot but react to shipment disruptions from Collahuasi which in 2009 had a 3.3 per cent share of the world’s mined copper.

These disruptions are, however, a short-term phenomenon. But well before the accident took place, research houses and banks were unanimous in saying that supply shortages would help the red metal in outshining other base metals. We have got forecasts of copper supply shortfall in 2011 ranging from 380,000 tonnes to as much as 500,000 tonnes. Going beyond 2011, Standard Bank says the deficit will rise to 562,000 tonnes in 2012. Industry representative body International Copper Study Group is anticipating a shortage of 435,000 tonnes this year.

The increasing tightness in copper supply has got much to do with not so encouraging investments in the past to identify, prospect and open new mines as minerals and metals groups worldwide were handicapped by the low prices that the red stuff got for a long time in past. This also created a situation for the miners to go on rampantly removing the better quality ore from mines. No surprise, therefore, that the world average copper content in ore is steadily falling.

India figures prominently among emerging nations as a consumer of copper in 2011. After all this country recorded a smart 13 per cent rise in copper use during 2009-10 and the trend should continue, if not gather in further momentum as we grow GDP at the current rate with sufficient focus on infrastructure development. But the local copper industry here has a structural weakness in that only a small portion of concentrate from which cathodes are made is locally generated.

Chairman of Hindustan Copper Shakesel Ahmed sees an opportunity in this, HCL having lease rights over 280 million tonnes of the country’s ore reserves of 370 million tonnes. He is to recommission HCL closed mines, step up production at operational mines and also open new ones. HCL could not have chosen a better time to target a mineral production of about 12.5 million tonnes by 2015-16 from 3.2 million tonnes last year. World copper prices are ruling at a level to make our low metal content ore less of a development deterrent. Moreover, our ore, in spite of all its disadvantages today, has an edge over the world average in terms of metal richness.

The worsening deficit situation besides, what is squeezing copper market to its tightest is the improving demand outlook for the metal in the US, where the economy, according to former Fed chairman Alan Greenspan, is picking up speed and is likely record growth of 3.5 per cent in 2011. The US incidentally is world’s second largest market for copper after China. As November data will confirm, in eight months, the US consumer and business expenditure is rising.

Interestingly, Moody’s downgrading Ireland’s rating by 5 notches and on top of that IMF offering a new bailout package for the country’s debt problem has not proved bad enough news for copper bulls. Similarly, the lingering concerns about China raising interest rates—these came for a second time in over two months—have left no impact on the copper market. If anything, traders are drawing inspiration from China’s copper imports amounting to 3.95 million tonnes in the first 11 months of 2010 when its production was a high 4.37 million tonnes.

Amidst all this, the artificiality of the physical market where one trading house has cornered most of LME stocks is constricting to market tightness. The outlook for the metal being so good, it is only to be expected that a few investment vehicles backed by physical copper will get launched. Once these vehicles get regulatory clearances, a long process by any measure, they will be securing for themselves large quantities of physical copper sending the premiums higher. We have big names like JP Morgan, BlackRock and ETF Securities lining up to launch copper exchange traded funds.
30 साल के टॉप पर चांदी, सोने की चमक बढ़ी
दिल्ली में सोमवार को चांदी का भाव उत्कलकर 46,930 रु प्रति किलो के नए रिकॉर्ड पर पहुंचा

एजेंशियां
नई दिल्ली। लेख

यह सत्य है कि चांदी में बढ़ोतरी को जब चांदी की संभालनामा के चलते सोना और चांदी तेजी के दौर में बने हुए हैं। मजबूत मंगों की देखभाल हुई दिल्ली में सोमवार को चांदी की कीमतें नए रिकॉर्ड पर पहुंच गईं। दिल्ली में चांदी का भाव उत्कलकर 46,930 रुपए प्रति किलो के नए रिकॉर्ड पर पहुंचा गया।

अंतरराष्ट्रीय बाजार में भी चांदी के भाव 31 दौरे प्रति औसत के नए रिकॉर्ड पर पहुंच गए। दिल्ली में सोने का भाव 20 रुपए उत्कलकर 20,860 रुपए प्रति 10 ग्राम पर पहुंचा गया। पुर्व के बाजार में भी चांदी 350 रुपए प्रति किलो के नए रिकॉर्ड पर पहुंच गई। मूल व नये रेट के बाजार में हालांकि सोनों की कीमतें 1,418.90 डॉलर प्रति औसत के साथ तकराया हिस्सा रहीं।

स्टील की कीमत में
3-5 फीसदी इजाफा

नई दिल्ली: रेल, जीआरसी, रेल्वे स्टील ने सोमवार को स्टील उत्पादों के क्षेत्र में 3-5 फीसदी प्रति टन तक बढ़ा दिया। कंपनियों का कहना है कि लगातार बढ़ते हुए दामों के कारण है यह लगातार हो रहा है।

मूल व नये रेट के बाजार में हालांकि सोनों की कीमतें 1,418.90 डॉलर प्रति औसत के साथ तकराया हिस्सा रहीं।
Silver hits new record at ₹47,560\(^{1/2}\)

Mumbai, Jan. 3: Silver prices marched to hit a new record high at the bullion market here on Monday on hectic buying by speculators and stockists amid industrial demand coupled with bullish overseas markets.

Silver ready (.999 fineness) jumped by hefty ₹350 per kilo to close at ₹47,560 from last Saturday’s closing level of ₹47,210.

Standard gold (99.5 per cent purity) moved up by ₹35 per 10 grams to finish at ₹20,680 as against ₹20,645 previously.

Pure gold (99.9 per cent purity) looked up by a similar margin of ₹35 per 10 grams to conclude at ₹20,780 as against ₹20,745 last weekend. — PTI
May ask country to help Coal India get year-round access to blocks

Coal min to pitch for CIL’s mines in Mozambique

PRIYADARSHI SIDDHANTA
NEW DELHI, JANUARY 3

G
oading the Mozambique government to walk an extra mile in creating required infrastructure to help Coal India Limited (CIL) operationalise its two mines in the African country and bringing home clean coal technology for Underground Coal Gasification (UCG) would be the main agenda of top coal ministry officials when they visit these nations beginning tomorrow.

Led by coal minister Sriprakash Jaiswal, the ministry’s top brass are expected to hold intense talks with their Mozambican counterparts in facilitating the CIL’s fully-owned subsidiary Coal India Africana Limited in commencing its mining operations there at the earliest.

CIL was awarded two coal blocks with an estimated reserve of one billion tonnes in A1 and A2 in Mozambique’s Northwestern Tete province in August 2009 for five years after it won the bid for the same. Subsequently, the Central Mine Planning and Design Institute (CMPDI) carried out initial prospecting in the licence areas and intend to conduct further exploration including drilling, geodetic mapping and geophysical investigations.

However, the leased areas are not accessible round the year as the nearby Dondozi river floods during monsoons for a considerable period, which effectively reduces the dry period to about five months for executing geological prospecting and subsequent exploration.

“The delegation is likely to ask the Mozambican administration to either construct a bridge or a causeway over the river to enable year-round access to the coal blocks. This would serve other licence holders as well and additionally ensure connectivity for the local populace,” a senior government official said.

Besides, both the sides are expected to seek expeditions deepening of the Beira port and enhancing the loading capacity of the terminal for easier evacuation of coal, which have got delayed. There are two ports Beira and Nakala Ports. There is a metre gauge line up to the Beira port having an evacuation capacity of six million tonnes a year.

RITES has constructed the railway route and the company has proposed to double the line if CIL wanted so. Jaiswal is expected to discuss at length on the government’s proposal to set up the Apex Planning Organisation and the Apex Training Organisation in Mozambique.

A technical team from CIL/CMPDI is already in the African nation to prepare the roadmap for setting up these institutions, the official said.

Jaiswal would ask Mozambique government to allot more coal blocks so that exploration infrastructure could be optimally utilised and more coal resources available for future exploration,” the official added.

In course of its meetings with South African officials, the delegation, including CIL chief Partha S Bhattacharya, coal secretary C Balakrishnan among others, is likely to visit the pilot power plant of Eskom, a South African Electricity Public Utility, run on UCG besides attending a meeting of the Indo-South Africa Working Group on Coal, the official added.
Jayaswal Neco to invest Rs 3,300 cr for steel, mining expansion

EXPRESS NEWS SERVICE
NAGPUR, JANUARY 3

JAYASWAL Neco Industries Limited, flagship company of the Neco Group of Industries, had announced expansion plan worth Rs 3,300 crore in steel, mining and captive power projects. The company has commenced planning and implementation of its expansion of 0.3 MTPA sponge iron plant, setting up of 62 MW captive power plants, development of its non-coking coal mines along with 3 MTPA coal washery and development of its iron ore mines in Chattisgarh and development of its coking coal mines with 1 MTPA coal washery in Jharkhand. Post-expansion, the company has planned to double its turnover by 2014. Neco Group promoted by Basant Lal Shaw is a renowned industrial group headquartered here. With a turnover of more than Rs 2,500 crore, the group has a fixed asset base of around Rs 2,000 crore and net worth of around Rs 1,000 crore.

Neco is one of the major integrated steel producers with an installed capacity of 1 million TPA. It is also the largest manufacturer of ferrous castings in India producing more than 0.1 MTPA while also machining them.

It also manufactures industrial valves and auto components and is one of the largest industrial valve manufacturers in the country.
Copper prices jump to record on tight supply

SINGAPORE: Copper jumped to a record in New York, extending a second annual advance, on speculation that supply will lag behind demand as the global economic recovery gathers pace. Copper for March-delivery on the Comex in New York gained as much as 1% to $4.4925 a pound, the highest ever for a most-active contract, before trading at $4.4845 by 8:49 am London time. The metal surged 33% in 2010 as the global economy recovered from the worst recession since World War II. Three-month copper in London climbed to a record $9,687 a metric ton on December 31, capping a 30% annual gain, as investors sought commodities to hedge against inflation and currency debasement.
Copper advances on supply outlook

Bloomberg  
Jan. 3
Copper jumped to a record in New York, extending a second annual advance, on speculation that supply will lag behind demand as the global economic recovery gathers pace.

Copper for March-delivery on the COMEX in New York gained as much as 1 per cent to $4.4925 a pound, the highest ever for a most-active contract, before trading at $4.4845 by 8:49 a.m. London time.

Three-month copper in London climbed to a record $9,687 a tonne on Dec. 31, capping a 30 per cent annual gain.

Copper stockpiles in LME warehouses shrank 20 per cent last year, the first annual decrease since 2004.
**Nunavut increases bid for Baffinland**

*Bloomberg*  
*Jan. 3*

Nunavut Iron Ore Acquisition Inc. raised its bid for Canada's Baffinland Iron Mines Co. to C$1.45 ($1.46) a share, beating ArcelorMittal's increased cash offer of C$1.40 a share.

Mr Bruce Walter, Nunavut's chairman, said the company is continuing to assess its options beyond the increase, in a statement on CNW. The offer, 81 per cent higher than Nunavut's original 80 cents offer, expires January 10.

ArcelorMittal, the world's largest steelmaker, last week boosted its offer for Baffinland by 27 per cent, escalating a three-month takeover battle for the Mary River deposit in Canada. Prices of iron ore, a steelmaking ingredient, surged last year because of demand from China, the largest steel producer.

Baffinland said in November the Mary River deposit above the Arctic Circle could produce 18 million tonnes of iron ore annually from 2013.
Projects must get Gram Sabha nod

Our Bureau
New Delhi, Jan. 3

Before any development project such as mines, power plants, irrigation, dams or roads are given the green signal, consent for diversion or compensation, if required, must be obtained from the Gram Sabha concerned. This is a recommendation by the National Committee on Forest Rights Act (FRA), which submitted its report today to the Tribal Affairs Minister, Mr. Kanthilal Bhuria, and the Environment Minister, Mr. Jairam Ramesh.

Though obtaining the consent of the Gram Sabha has already been mandated by a Ministry order in July 2009, the Committee was of the opinion that it “has not been properly integrated and implemented in the Forest Conservation Act (FCA) process, and not been written specifically into either the FRA or the FCA”. It recommended that the FCA rules be amended immediately to incorporate the July 2009 order.

The report gathers significance with several development projects in the pipeline, including the Posco plant in Orissa’s Jagatsinghpur district and ArcelorMittal’s in Keonjhar district, facing opposition from local communities. The Committee categorically states that “until recently, all such forest diversions were undertaken without any consultation with local communities.”

The Committee also makes strong recommendations with regard to non-timber forest products (NTFPs), which play an important role in the economic life of the forest dwelling communities. The report recommends that “in order to ensure that the communities are able to derive full benefits on a sustained basis, the Government should adopt market-friendly policies, facilitate private trade, provide price support and act as a watchdog to ensure community benefits and ecological sustainability, rather than eliminate the trade.”
M OST Western mining firms are happy to sell minerals to China but like to keep the dragon at arm’s length. Rio Tinto, an Anglo-Australian outfit, is different. Not only is China its biggest customer; Chinalco, a state-backed Chinese aluminium firm, is its biggest shareholder. On December 3rd Rio announced a joint venture with Chinalco to hunt for minerals in China and extended an iron-ore joint venture with Sinosteel, another state-backed firm.

Rio’s ties with China are complex. In 2007 Rio nearly choked on Alcan, a Canadian aluminium firm it bought for a disastrously expensive $38 billion. That emboldened BHP Billiton, the world’s biggest miner; to launch a takeover bid for Rio. China, afraid that the combined firms would wield too much sway over commodity prices, sent Chinalco to block the deal by buying a 9% stake in Rio in 2008.

The BHP-Rio merger collapsed in the credit crunch. Desperate for cash, Rio invited Chinalco to double its investment and take seats on the board and direct stakes in important mines. But then, as commodity prices recovered and other shareholders complained, Rio withdrew the offer. It raised money with a rights issue and agreed with BHP to combine the pair’s mammoth iron-ore operation in Australia’s Pilbara region.

The Chinese were furious, fearing that the pair would exert too much influence over iron-ore prices (regulators agreed and recently stopped the joint venture). Chinese ire grew with the arrest in 2009 and subsequent conviction in a Chinese court of four Rio employees, on charges of taking bribes and stealing commercial secrets.

Since then Rio has done its best to cosy back up to China. This makes sense. By taking on Chinalco as a partner at Simandou, a vast iron-ore deposit in Guinea, Rio has bought political protection. Two years ago the West African government stripped Rio of half its leases at the site. It would not dare to treat China this way. Cheap Chinese capital (Chinalco has agreed to invest $1.3 billion so far) and experience at building infrastructure in Africa (Simandou needs 700km, or 435 miles, of railways) will also come in handy.

Rio’s deal to explore in China may turn out well too. Heaps of copper and coal may lurk beneath China’s relatively unexplored soil, says Andrew Keen of HSBC, a bank. A Chinese partner should help with tricky rules about property rights which have tripped up Rio’s rivals.

China gets Rio’s expertise in finding ore. Rio will bet a mere $10m on its annual greenfield-exploration budget of about $150m.

Tom Albanese, Rio’s boss, sees wider benefits. As China’s miners expand abroad, they will either work with Western firms or compete with them. Mr Albanese reckons Rio will be well-placed to work with them. As one analyst says: keep China close, but not too close.
Gold nears $1,420, silver at 30-yr high

London, Jan 3: Gold rose above $1,420 an ounce in Europe on Monday, within 1% of its record high, and silver and palladium hit multi-year peaks, driven by pent-up demand on the first trading day of 2011.

While a firm dollar limited gains, expectations for more bad news on euro zone debt, concerns over potential inflation in developing economies and an increased focus on the US deficit are set to maintain surging demand for gold, analysts said.

Pradeep Unni, a senior analyst at Richcomm Global Services in Dubai, said fresh highs in gold were likely this year, with an initial target seen at $1,455-$1,480, after trade in the metal was becalmed over the Christmas holidays.

Spot gold was bid at $1,420.10 an ounce at 1230 GMT, against $1,419.45 late in New York on Friday. The precious metal had hit a record $1,490.10 an ounce in December. Euro- pean trade is expected to remain quiet, with London still on holiday. US gold futures for February delivery eased 50 cents an ounce to $1,420.90.

Among other precious metals, silver hit its highest since 1980 at $31.17 an ounce against $30.86 as investors continued to pick up the metal as a cheaper proxy for gold. At over $31 a troy ounce at the beginning of the new year, silver ... continues its high-altitude flight, said Commerzbank in a note. Reuters
खनिज माफिया की ड़ोड़ी पर दम ठोड़ता कानून

चल रही है कार्रवाई

शासन के निर्देशों के तहत कार्रवाई की जा रही है। जयपुर अखिल उपजीवित के अधीन विभाग का अधिकारी जयपुर अवसर नंबर 1331-1 नंबर 0.583 शंकर मिश्र प्रमुख कार्रवाई कानून के नाम पर ठंड है। इस उपविभाग पर भी अन्य लोगों का व्यवहार आदेश में जयपुर अवसर नंबर 1331-1 नंबर 0.583 शंकर मिश्र प्रमुख कार्रवाई कानून के नाम पर ठंड है। इस उपविभाग पर भी अन्य लोगों का व्यवहार आदेश में जयपुर अवसर नंबर 1331-1 नंबर 0.583 शंकर मिश्र प्रमुख कार्रवाई कानून के नाम पर ठंड है।
पुष्कर में यूरेनियम की खोज शुरू

पुष्कर केन्द्र में यूरेनियम का खजाना खोजने की कुशलता को देखते हुए केंद्र सरकार के एतोमिक मिनराल्स महाकामे (एएमी) ने राष्ट्रीय की हेलिकॉप्टर के माध्यम से हवा से पूरे कर शुरू किया है।

सरकार के लिए सहायता के लिए बल्किक अन्य देशों से काफी पंदर सहचरीय पूरे पुष्कर पहुंचा है। इन दिनों गांव में उमड़ा है। पात्र में ही एक खूने मैदान पर अन्य एहं स्पेसियलिज्टियल बनाया गया है। कलेक्टर को निर्देशित से यूरेनियम की खोज के लिए राष्ट्रीय की हेलिकॉप्टर ने हवा से हाल पहुंचा है।

इस दौरान निर्देशित ने करीब 1000 मीटर दूर पूरे पुष्कर क्षेत्र का दौरा कर अंतरालिक उपकरणों के जारी रखने की कमांडिया।

इससे बाद आगरा में एक महीने तक सेवा किया जाएगा।

कलेक्टर ने कहा, एतोमिक मिनराल्स का संरक्षण है