Sesa seeks higher loan limit

OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

Mumbai, Sept. 22: Sesa Goa Ltd, a subsidiary of Anil Agarwal-controlled Vedanta Resources Plc, will seek shareholders' approval on October 18 to raise its investment and borrowing limits.

In a notice sent to stock exchanges, Sesa Goa said it planned to increase the investment limit by more than 100 per cent to Rs 16,000 crore from the present Rs 7,153.36 crore.

It also seeks to increase the borrowing limit to Rs 16,000 crore. The company was silent on its current borrowing limit.

Sesa Goa's move to enhance its borrowing and investment limits comes at a time when its parent Vedanta has launched a bid to acquire Cairn India. Under the offer, Vedanta will buy 20 per cent in Cairn India, including a 20 per cent stake acquired by Sesa Goa through an open offer.

Sesa Goa also plans to explore possibilities in iron ore, coal and steel and hopes to fund these investments through a mix of internal funds and borrowings.

On August 16, the company's board had cleared the proposal to acquire 20 per cent in Cairn India through the open offer for around $3 billion. Minority shareholders, however, have raised objections to Sesa Goa funding an acquisition by the parent.

According to the notice of the extraordinary general meeting, the company has an investible surplus of around Rs 6,000 crore and is generating cash on a regular basis.
Steel is one of the major requirements for the development of infrastructure. Growth in this sector is directly proportional to economic growth. What is your personal view on that?

The Indian steel industry comprises the producers of finished steel, semi-finished steel, stainless steel and pig iron, which has participation from both public and private sector enterprises. India is one of the fastest growing markets of steel and is also increasingly looking towards exports to drive the growth of the industry.

I sincerely feel that conservation of iron ore is critical, keeping in view the projected growth of the steel industry. I have no doubts that by 2012, the country's steel making capacity by way of greenfield projects and expansion of existing plants would reach 120 million tonnes.

Experts often say that India is jeopardising its future by exporting iron ore to countries like China. What do you feel about that?

Yes, it's an area of concern as other wiser countries have a policy to conserve their iron ore. The steel ministry's considered view is a ban on iron ore exports rather than selling it at throwaway prices. We should conserve the precious minerals and export value-added products. I have called for a complete ban on export of iron ore and sought an immediate hike in the prevailing duty of 20 per cent as an interim relief to the domestic industry. For that, we have written to the finance minister seeking a hike in iron ore exports, besides raising the issue with the Prime Minister to contain rising prices and ease input cost of steel makers. Iron ore prices are currently hovering at around $120 a tonne, up more than 30 per cent over the past year.

India is a major producer of steel. Yet its full potential is not tapped. What are the future plans and new initiatives to improve the current scenario?

India has continuously posted phenomenal growth in steel production. Both primary and secondary producers contributed their share to this development. Our emphasis is more on finished goods. Conserving iron ore is an agenda as we need to focus on manufacturing value-added products.

The steel industry in India has been moving from strength to strength. India has emerged as the fifth-largest producer of steel in the world and it's likely to become the second-largest producer of crude steel by 2015-16. This means more than doubling its capacity to 124 million tonnes (MT) as part of the push being given to assist overall infrastructure development. Special initiatives are being taken to enter the new stage wherein production and efficiency match global standards.

A joint venture between Steel Authority of India Ltd (SAIL) and Posco is in an advanced stage. The plan is to build a three-million tonne plant at Bokaro. Along with that we expect a similar venture with Japan's Kobe Steel for building a 0.5 million tonne plant at Alloy Steel Plant, Durgapur. It will use the Japanese major's latest TiMILL technology, which uses iron ore nuggets in an innovative process. Our main idea behind these joint ventures is to bring in the latest technology which has been patented by these steel majors.

"Our focus is on increasing presence in the overseas markets and also to increase production of value-added products".

Your tenure is at a crucial juncture as India is making rapid strides in steel production. Where would you focus now?

While India will emerge as the world's second-largest steel maker, we also need to establish ourselves as a technology leader capable of producing different and higher grades of steel. Our focus is on increasing our presence in the overseas markets and also to increase production of value-added products. For this, the sector needs access to high-value technology. So, our focus would be on acquiring and developing efficient technology.

How has it been different to handle a ministry compared to your earlier stint as Himachal Pradesh's chief minister?

The role has been challenging and interesting. The scope is wider in state as you have to look after different developmental works and portfolios. In the ministry, it's much more focused and domain-centric. I would also like to emphasise that our commitment is not restricted to the public sector and we are also inclined to provide assistance to private players in steel production, as the synergy between all participants will usher in overall development of the steel industry.

— Interview by Veer V. Chauhan
‘Consensus needed on mining Bill’

NEW DELHI, 23 SEPT: Amid a furore over 26 per
cent profit-sharing with locals under the proposed
new mining law and demands for relaxing the norms
for PSUs, SAIL chairman Mr CS Verma today said
there was a need for “consensus building” in the
industry on the draft legislation. pti
Both companies have captive mines that feed their steel producing units

**SAIL, Tata Steel find common ground, oppose giving 26% profits to displaced**

PRIYADARSHI SIDDHANTA  
NEW DELHI, SEPTEMBER 23

India's biggest steel companies — state-owned SAIL and private sector giant Tata Steel — have found common ground in opposing the Group of Minister's decision requiring miners to share 26 per cent of their net profits with locals displaced from their mining areas. Both SAIL and Tata Steel have captive mines that feed their steel producing units.

A GoM chaired by Finance Minister Pranab Mukherjee had recently reached a consensus on the draft Mines and Minerals (Development and Regulation) bill, 2010 which among other things mandates mining companies to fork out 26 per cent of their net profits to displaced locals. Leading industry chambers including the CII and Ficci had earlier opposed the move and made presentations before the GoM chair claiming this provision would increase the costs of companies and render them unviable. They said that world over one-time compensation to the displaced peoples was the norm.

Both SAIL and Tata Steel have expressed resentment stating that the iron ore generated from their mines was entirely for captive use and had no commercial value. They said such companies should be treated differently from stand-alone miners. The opposition from steel producers gathered steam with the GoM slated to wind up its discussions before the Commonwealth Games.

"We need a consensus on the modalities of the payment. We need to know whether this will form a part of the expenditure or the royalty. We fully share the concerns of the government, but more clarity is needed on ensuring that the provisions are practical and implementable," CS Verma, chairman, SAIL, told The Indian Express. He pointed out that there were problems with the proposal as captive mines were not accounted separately in a company's books, and hence the calculation of their profits was a difficult exercise as it depended on so many factors.

Tata Steel too sought clarity on the proposal. According to the private sector major such social costs must be part of the operational costs and not derived as a share of the profit.

SAIL and Tata Steel say that iron ore generated from their mines is entirely for captive use and had no commercial value and such companies should be treated differently from stand-alone miners.

"Profit can be impacted by several factors. Whereas when it is treated as a part of the operating cost, it will be consistent, transparent and sustainable through the life of the mine. It is suggested that the quantum can be decided on similar lines of the royalty," Partha Sengupta, Vice-President, Raw Materials, Tata Steel said.

According to Tata Steel, it was imperative that funds be utilised in consultation with the community through a special development vehicle such as a trust or Local Area Development fund administered jointly by the community, government and the corporates operating in the area.

Jindal Steel and Power MD Naveen Jindal is also learnt to have described the proposal as discriminatory.

Steel Minister Virbhadra Singh, who is himself a part of the GoM, has sought a "special consideration" for PSUs like SAIL and NMDC on the profit-sharing proposal.

The Mines Ministry has, however, maintained that the provision will stay despite Singh endorsing the demands of PSUs.
Posco: Orissa govt to file plea in SC

DEBARATA MOHANTY
BHUBANESWAR, SEPTEMBER 23

EVEN as the Meena Gupta Committee wound up its visit to Orissa on Posco case, the state government is all set to file a special leave petition in the Supreme Court within next one week, challenging the Orissa High Court's order that set aside the prospective mining lease in Khandadhar iron ore mines to the South Korean steel company.

In July this year, a Bench of the Orissa High Court comprising Justices B P Das and B P Ray had disapproved of the manner in which the state government recommended Posco-India’s name for prospecting licence (PL) over the iron-rich Khandadhar mines, for which about 227 parties had applied.

State steel and mines secretary Manoj Ahuja said the state would appeal against the HC order, urging the apex court to consider Khandadhar as a notified mining area. The state would reason that it granted PL to Posco as a special case under the the Mining and Minerals (Development and Regulation) Act.

In January 2009, the Orissa government had recommended to the Centre for grant of PL in favour of Posco in an area of 2,500 hectares of the Khandadhar iron ore reserve in Sundargarh district. Once the Union Mines Ministry greenlighted the state's recommendation for PL, it would have paved the way for the Korean steel major to start prospecting. After prospecting the area, Posco would have been eligible for applying for final mining lease for extracting 600 million tonnes of iron ore over the next 30 years.

The recommendation for PL was made in favour of the Posco as per Section 11(5) of the MMDR Act. However, several companies including Geomin Minerals challenged the state government’s contentions in 2009 before the Orissa HC.

Meanwhile, the Meena Gupta committee may submit its report latest by October 15 instead of September 30 as it was awaiting certain documents.
बालको हादसे के पांच आरोपी
अभी भी पकड़ से बाहर

बालको हादसे के पांच आरोपी ने आज सुबह तक भी पकड़ से बाहर रहे। इससे पहले अभी तक इन आरोपियों को गुजरात के साहिबाबुदारी जिले में चिह्नित किया गया था। आज सुबह तक ये पांच आरोपी ने भी नहीं पकड़े गए।

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उत्तराखंड विधानसभा में खनन घोटाले को लेकर हंगामा 6°

श्रीरामनगर, 23 नवंबर (भाग) उत्तराखंड विधानसभा में खनन घोटाले को लेकर हंगामा चल रहा है। विधायकों के एक निजी कंपनी को उनके बेहतरीन जिले में खनन का देखा देने में सहायता प्रदेर के दोस्ते को आशेप सृजने हुए जमकर हंगामा किया, जिसके बाद समन को कार्यान्वयन एक बार फिर चूहे पड़ी। विधायकों ने आगे लगाए कि नामांकन जिले के केमिकल की राजद नैतिक वर्ग तरीके त्रावण एवं केमिकल के संस्थान ने एक निजी कंपनी को खनन का देखा देने में सहायता की पहलें उम्मीद। यह पूरा इलाका पर्यावरण को धुर्त तरीके से अंग्रेजी संघर्ष की है।

प्रधान अधिकारियों के अलावा लोक सेवा क्षेत्र के नेता सरदार ने आपेक्षिक लगाए कि हालांकि विधायकों को मैनसंग एंड राष्ट्र विभाग एंड केमिकल कंपनी ने पहले खनन के लिए आवेदन किया था, उसे तकनीकी अपेक्षा ने नकद दिया था। सरदार ने विधायकों संस्थान के खिलाफ नर्तक हालात हुए जैसे मामले को समीक्षा करने तारीख की मांग की। कारेंद्र और झुग्झु त्रावण समाज पार्टी के सदस्य प्रधान के अध्यक्ष अध्यक्ष के आस्था के समाने पहले जोर जोर दिए गए थे और पूरे मामले को सोचने से जान लेने पर्यावरण की मांग कर रहे थे।

विधानसभा अध्यक्ष त्रावण कुमुड़ के सदस्य से आगे लिए जाने के बाद भी सदन चावल जाने की तैयार नहीं थी, जिसके बाद समन को नैतिक गर्भ 15 मिनट के लिए प्रस्तुत रखा गया। बाद में कारेंद्र विधायक दल के उपमंत्री त्रावण राज ने कहा कि सभी राज्य में यह सबसे बड़ा मामला है और इस कारणीय आगे लिए गये हैं। संसदीय कार्यालय अध्यक्ष पंडित ने कहा कि केवल एक भी संसदीय अध्यक्ष नहीं, जिसके द्वारा तुल दिया जा रहा है। विधायक सदन को समन कर रहे हैं।
Iron ore mining dwindles in Karnataka, as HC weighs issue

MAHESH KULKARNI
Bangalore, 23 September

Iron ore mining is coming to a standstill in major production centres in Karnataka, even as the court battle against the state government’s ban on exports is yet to reach a conclusion. Exports from the state have already come to a halt.

Two months since the ban came into force, almost a third of iron ore mines in the state have wound up operations and many others have scaled down production. Only mines in the Bellary-Hospet-Sandur region, which produce high-grade iron ore, are operational due to demand for their products in the domestic market. However, they are working at less than 50 per cent capacity.

The producers of low-grade iron ore in Tumkur and Chitradurga regions have shut operations as there is no demand for their products in the domestic market. Out of 90 operational mines in the state, 30 have closed down. A little more than three million tonnes low-grade iron ore is stocked in their mines, causing losses worth crores of rupees to the miners.

As against the normal monthly production of 3.5 million tonnes, mines in Karnataka are churning out less than 1.5 million tonnes. In the last two months, the miners have sold hardly 900,000 tonnes high-grade iron ore to domestic steel mills, say industry sources.

In Karnataka, which contributes around 30 per cent to the country’s iron ore exports at 30 million tonnes annually, about 75 per cent iron ore is low-grade and only 25 per cent is high-grade.

“We have managed to pay wages to employees for two months now, thinking the court case will come to an end early. But we cannot continue to pay them wages without work. If the court verdict does not come early, things will worsen,” said Basant Poddar, managing director, Mineral Enterprises Limited, a producer of low-grade iron ore in the Tumkur.

Mines in the Tumkur and Chitradurga regions employ around 2,000 workers directly, who earn between ₹200 and ₹300 per day, depending on the additional working hours. Already, tractor drivers, lorry operators and daily wage earners have lost their jobs.

These workers are planning to take a delegation to the chief minister by the end of this month to seek withdrawal of the export ban.

On July 26 this year, the Karnataka government imposed the ban on export of iron ore from ports in the state and subsequently restricted the issue of mineral dispatch permits on July 28 for movement of ore to domestic steel mills.

The prices of commodities have risen 30-50 per cent in the past three months. The key driver till now was return of global liquidity and risk appetite from early June, when the markets decided the European crisis was almost over. Some profit-booking happened over the last couple of days.

Now there is news that may fuel the rally. China’s import data for August suggest “the policy-induced slowdown may be bottoming. Overall, the environment for commodity demand in China has re-emerged and improved significantly in the past few months and that is reflected in August’s commodity trade data, which show a rebound in base metals and oil imports and a particularly noteworthy rise in corn imports,” said Barclays Capital’s commodity research analyst Kevin Norriss.

This is an interesting trend, since August is when most commodities’ imports surge and exports fall. During the past six months or so, imports were falling on the back of measures to ensure soft-landing of the economy and a cut in export incentives to support the local industry.

However, the trend has started reversing in the past couple of months and China’s reviving demand, along with huge liquidity flows, has resulted in commodities rising 30-50 per cent from the bottom seen in early June. The increase in agri-commodities such as wheat, corn, sugar and cotton can be attributed to falling yields. The prices of these commodities are also up 30-50 per cent in past three months. Corn is the latest one, with yield and crop expected to fall in the US and China’s imports rising faster. Barclays’ analyst said, “Corn imports hit an eye-catching 452,000 tonnes, more than double the previous month’s total. China’s corn imports are on target to their highest for 15 years, raising questions over whether China is now turning into a structural net importer of corn to meet its rapidly rising domestic demand.” The S&P GSCI Agricultural Index has jumped 43 per cent since early June.

Even for metals, the “huge flow of liquidity into commodities is leading the bull run that started from early June, when global markets realised the European crisis is nearly over,” said Gnanasekar Thiagarajan, director at CommTrendz Research, a risk advisory firm. “If the Federal Reserve’s easy money policy continues, the rally in commodities will continue,” he said.

According to data released by the Chinese authorities, net imports of refined copper, zinc, lead, nickel and tin were up in August compared to the previous month, while net imports of aluminium fell sharply. Implied demand trends were also positive across most metals, with copper expanding by over 20 per cent annually, following positive growth in July. In energy markets, oil imports bounced back, signifying strong underlying demand growth after last month’s softening.
SAIL chief for clarity on Mining Bill

AMID FUROR over 26 per cent profit-sharing with locals under the proposed new mining law and demands for relaxing the norms for PSUs, SAIL chairman, Mr C. V. Verma, on Thursday said there is a need for “consensus building” in the industry on the draft legislation. “There is an immediate need for consensus building among stakeholders on key policy enablers like the proposed MMDR Act and R&R policy,” Mr Verma, who is also the chairman of CII’s National Committee on Steel, said. Mr Verma, who asked the industry to present itself in “one voice” and stressed on the need to work with the government to boost growth of the steel sector.
Gold and silver set new India records

PTI
MUMBAI

GOLD and silver prices created a new record on the bullion market here on Thursday on buying by stockists and speculation supported by surging international markets. “The sudden revival is being attributed to investors and traders shifting funds from the beleaguered equity markets to precious metals as a better avenue,” traders said.

“Though gold was creating fresh records in overseas markets, every place the local investors were chasing equities and ignoring the yellow metal. As of now, it is a complete U-turn owing to stocks’ scary valuations,” they added. Standard gold (99.5 purity) shot up by Rs150 per ten gram to close at Rs19,210 from Tuesday’s closing level of Rs19,060.

Pure gold (99.9 purity) also rose by a similar margin of Rs150 per ten gram to finish at Rs19,300 as against Rs19,150 previously. Silver ready (999 fineness) jumped by Rs40 per kilo to end at Rs32,797. It touched a high of Rs32,775 in early trade. In Europe, gold was near record high, looking all set to breach $1,300-level an ounce.
Copper near five-month high on steady demand

LONDON: Copper, little changed near a five-month high in New York, may gain as stockpiles of metal head for a 31st weekly drop in a row, signalling steady demand. London Metal Exchange copper inventories declined to near the lowest level since November, and cash metal's discount to the three-month contract shrank. Figures due on Thursday may show a gain in sales of existing homes in the US, the world's second-largest copper user after China. "Continued stock drawdowns mean the market is looking very tight," Gayle Berry, an analyst at Barclays Capital, said on Thursday by phone from London. "Demand is very robust, and prices may continue to climb."
Demand hopes drive copper to 5-month high

Reuters
London, Sept. 23

Base metals scaled multi-month peaks on Thursday, underpinned by positive demand expectations towards the year end.

Benchmark copper on The London Metal Exchange was traded at $7,883 in LME rings, up from Wednesday’s close of $7,840 a tonne.

Three-month aluminium pushed above $2,275 a tonne for the first time since April, while zinc hit $2,244.50, its highest level since the start of May.

Aluminium traded at $2,266.50 a tonne in LME rings versus $2,235, zinc at $2,235.50. Nickel pared gains and was untraded in exchange rings, but last bid at $22,675 in exchange rings from $22,560.
Our Bureau
Kolkata, Sept. 23
The Karnataka Government’s restriction on mining and transportation of iron ore has had little impact on the traffic throughput of Mormugao port whose single largest item of traffic is iron ore.
Mormugao is the country’s largest iron ore exporting port.
“Out of 54 million tonnes of iron ore exports by two ports in Goa, namely, Mormugao and Panjim (under the State Government), in 2009-10, the share of Karnataka iron ore was only six mt,” Mr Praveen Agarwal, Chairman, Mormugao port, told Business Line.

“The port’s total traffic target for the current fiscal has been set at 52 mt, up from 48 mt in 2009-10.
Agarwal, Chairman, Mormugao port, told Business Line.
“in other words, the bulk of iron ore shipped through Goa’s ports was sourced from mines located in the State itself.”
Mr Agarwal, however, could not specify how much iron ore sourced from Karnataka his port had handled.
“This is difficult to specify because the Karnataka ore is blended with local ore before shipment through the ports in Goa. The trade gives us an estimate of the volume of Karnataka ore received and blended,” he said.
Despite the non-availability of iron ore from Karnataka currently, the Mormugao port handled more iron ore exports in the first five months of the current fiscal vis-a-vis the same period last year — 13.1 mt (11.9 mt) or an additional 1.2 mt.
The target for the current year is around 45 mt (41.5 mt in 2009-10) and the Chairman seemed confident of achieving the target.
The port’s total traffic target for the current fiscal has been set at 52 mt, up from 48 mt in 2009-10.
“Iron ore will account for more than three mt of the additional four mt of traffic we hope to handle in the current fiscal,” Mr Agarwal said.
This would be possible due to several factors such as the creation of additional cargo handling facilities at the mooring dolphin, streamlining of berthing procedures and the introduction of night navigation facilities.
Gold holds near record high

Reuters
London, Sept. 23

Gold held near record highs on Thursday, eyeing a breach of $1,300 an ounce, while silver flirted with 30-year peaks as the threat of currency devaluation lifted interest in the metals as a safe store of value. Spot gold was bid at $1,292 an ounce at 11:11 GMT, against $1,289.60 late in New York on Wednesday.

US gold futures for December delivery rose $1.90 to $1,294.

Silver rose to a 2-1/2 year high at $21.21 an ounce - within a few cents of its highest since 1980 - and was later bid at $21.06 an ounce against $21.11. Silver remained well supported after hitting another 2-1/2 year high overnight in Asia. Platinum was at $1,630.90 an ounce against $1,627.10, while palladium was at $538.13.

Bullion rate

Mumbai: Silver spot (999 fineness): Rs 33,198; standard gold (99.9 purity): Rs 19,210; pure gold (99.9 purity): Rs 19,300.

Chennai: Bar silver (a kg): Rs 33,050; retail silver (a gm): Rs 35.35; standard gold: Rs 19,300; retail ornament gold (22 carat): Rs 1,795.
Gold all set to touch $1,300, silver at 30-month high

London, Sep 23: Gold held near record highs on Thursday, edging a breach of $1,300 an ounce, while silver flirted with 30-year peaks as the threat of currency devaluation lifted interest in the metals as a safe store of value.

Spot gold was bid at $1,290.10 an ounce at 1412 GMT, against $1,289.60 late in New York on Wednesday. US gold futures for December delivery slid 70 cents to $1,291.40. Silver rose to a 2-1/2 year high at $21.21 an ounce—with in a few cents of its highest since 1980—and was later bid at $20.96 an ounce against $21.11.

Gold prices were lifted to a record $1,296.10 on Wednesday after the US Federal Reserve indicated it was open to reintroducing quantitative easing to tackle sluggish US economic growth, knocking the dollar.

The precious metal’s rally, which has lifted prices some 3.5% so far this month, is showing few signs of running out of steam. "Once we touch $1,300 it will probably stall there and there will be some profit-taking, but it won’t be extensive," said Andrey Kryuchenkov, an analyst at VTB Capital.

All the technical indicators are flashing completely overbought, but that doesn’t mean anything when you’re in an uptrend.

The dollar recovered from lows on Thursday but investors remain wary as speculation that the Federal Reserve will soon start printing more money drove down Treasury yields. The euro retreated from a five-month high versus the US unit, however, stung by worries over Ireland’s banking sector.

While the recovery in the US currency is keeping a lid on further gains in gold, the threat of further monetary easing is providing good support to prices. From a technical perspective, gold remains firm after hitting record highs for five consecutive sessions to Wednesday. "Spot gold has eroded the 2009-10 resistance line and looks to extend gains to $1,300," said technical analyst at Commerzbank.
Gold hits record on Fed push

AMANDA COOPER and JAN HARVEY

Sept. 22: Gold hit record highs for a fifth consecutive session on Wednesday after the Federal Reserve signaled it stood ready to inject fresh cash into the economy, knocking the dollar and whetting investor appetite for bullion.

Silver also hit a two-and-a-half-year peak and edged closer to its highest in 30 years as investors sought cheaper safe-haven assets, which was reflected in the largest one-day inflow of metal into the iShares Silver Trust in 10 months.

Spot gold hit a new record of $1,296.10 an ounce and was bid at $1,293.75 an ounce, showing a 0.6 percent gain on the day. US gold futures rose $21 an ounce to $1,295.30, having hit a contract high at $1,298.00.

The metal is benefiting from concerns over the stability of the financial system and the outlook for fiat currencies. While dollar weakness, a typical driver of gold, is lifting prices, the metal's appeal as a safe store of value has broadened. — Reuters
जस्टिस वरियावा करेगे खटानों में अरबों के व्रेष्टाचार की जांच

सुशील अरविंद

नई दिल्ली। खटानों में इतने अरबों सूप के व्रेष्टाचार को जांच करने के लिए मनुष्य सदस्य ने सुधीर कोट्स के पूर्व न्यायाधीश एसलन वरियावा को नियुक्त करना वाला निर्देशित किया है। जस्टिस वरियावा की नियुक्ति जांच अभियान एक ही तकनीक की जा रही है। इस संबंध में सर्वेक्षण व भर्तिवर्धन को औपचारिक अवस्था में ही जारी हो रहा है।

यह एक नयी लघु अभियान अभियान के आदर्श में इतने अरबों सूप के व्रेष्टाचार और गैरकानूनी खटान से जुड़े सभी आरोपियों को जांच करेगा। खटान क्षेत्र में एक पूरा पैनल पर हुए प्रश्नात्मक में कई राजस्व अदालतों के अन्तर्गत कई चर्चा उसी के उद्देश्य के लिए है।

संसद के निकट स्थानों में भारतीय नेता अनल जेटी ने कहा कि खटान क्षेत्र में सुधीर कोट्स को इस अभियान का ही सेवक बनाना है। इस अभियान में इतने अरबों सूप के व्रेष्टाचार का जांच करना उपभोक्ता के लिए ही है।

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